

Manufacturers of Industrial & Decorative Coatings

United Paints Limited P.O. Box 21 064 29 Empire Road Bridgend Christchurch Telephone : (03) 323 8743 Facsimile: (03) 323 7261

SAFETY DATA SHEET MINERAL TURPENTINE

1.0 Chemical Product and Company Identification

Trade Name:

MINERAL TURPS

Chemical Name:Industrial SolventManufacturers Name:United PaintsAddress:29 Empire Rd, Belfast, ChristchurchTelephone:(03) 323 8743Facsimile:(03) 323 7261Date of Issue:17th May 2023

Emergency Contact Numbers

National Poison & Hazardous Chemicals Information Centre
United Paints Limited – Director (Mr M.Davies)

(03) 474 0999 (03) 359 3528 Home 021 617 979 Mobile

Hazards Identification 2.0 HSNO APPROVAL CODE : Product is classified as hazardous according to Schedule 1 - 6 of Hazardous substances regulations of HSNO act 1996 **HSNO CLASSIFICATIONS:** 3.1C, 6.1D, 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.8B, 6.9, 9.1B, 9.1D WORDING DANGER 2 **Composition / Information on Ingredients** 3.0 Ingredient % By Weight TLV (TWA) Mineral Turpentine 100 % 188 mg/m^{3} 50ppm

Auckland (09) 265 0032

	4.0 First Aid M	easures
4.1	Inhalation	Bring patient to fresh open air. If breathing difficult give oxygen.
4.2	Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
4.3	Eye Contact	Flush with water lifting lids occasionally. Seek medical attention.
4.4	Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm and quiet. Seek medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth with water.
4.5	First Aid Facilities	Eyewash and normal washroom facilities and consumables.
4.6	Notes to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. Aspiration is the main danger. Enforce bed rest and observe carefully. Prophylactic antibiotics useful. Observe for chemical pneumonitis. Gasto-intestinal absorption is significant with hydrocarbon solvents .For large ingestions cuffed endotracheal tube is recommended.

5.0 Fire Fighting Measures

- **5.1 Flashpoint** 4^oC
- 5.2 Flammability Limit 1.2 (Lower)

5.3 Extinguishing Media

Foam

5.4 Hazardous Composition Products

May form toxic materials such as Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide.

5.5 Special Firefighting Procedures

Call Fire Service and tell them of location and nature of hazard. Water or Foam may cause frothing that can be violent, especially if sprayed into containers of hot burning liquid. Self contained breathing apparatus with full face piece should be used. Closed containers can be kept cool by water spray.

Make sure of adequate supplies of extinguishing material available.

5.6 Unusual fire and Explosion Hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along ground and move by ventilation and ignite at a point far from the source. Sumps and drains should be checked for signs of accumulation.

5.7 Firefighting Personal Protective Equipment

Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Water rinse shower available

Christchurch (03) 323 8743

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Palmerston North 021 682 151

	6.0 Accidenta	Release Measures
6.1	Minor Spills	Eliminate all sources of Ignition. Stop leak at source. Dyke area of spillage. Absorb with sand or other absorbent inert material.
6.2	Major Spills	Clear are from all public and personnel. Call fire service and advice on the nature of hazard. Ensure spill is contained however if spill enters waterways directly or through drains advise local environment protection authority
6.2	Disposal	Destroy by controlled incineration by approved waste disposal group or use an authorised disposal area.

	7.0	Handling and Storage	
7.1	Handling	Use in well ventilated area away from any source of ignition. Wear safety glasses, nitrile gloves, overalls, and approved cartridge respirator when spraying.	
7.2	Storage	Store in a cool, authorised room away from any source of accidental ignition, or any oxidising agents.	

8.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 Exposure Controls

Contains 100 % Aromatic Hydrocarbon solvent. Make sure level maintained below TLV of 50 ppm or provide personal protective equipment to suit.

8.2 Personal Protective Equipment

X	Vapour Respirator	
	Splash Goggles	
	Face Shield	
X	Gloves (Nitrile)	
X	Synthetic Apron	
X	Vapour Respirator	
	Dust Respirator	

9.0 Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 9.2 9.3 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.10 9.11 9.12 9.13	Appearance Odour Boiling Point Flash Point Solubility in Water Specific Gravity ph Value Vapour Pressure Vapour Density Evaporation Rate Volatile Component Flammability Autoignition Temp	Liquid Aromatic 154°- 192°C 41° C Immiscible 0.81 Not applicable 40 mm Hg at 20°C 3.1 2.0 (BA=1) 100 % Flammable Liquid 520°C
9.13	Autoignition Temp	520°C
9.14	Flammability Limits	Lower 1.2 Upper 8

Coloured flammable liquid with a mild solvent odour, which does not mix with water but will form a thin layer on water surface.

10.0 Stability and Reactivity

10.2 10.3	Chemical Stability Conditions to Avoid Materials to Avoid Hazardous Decomp Products	Stable under normal conditions Heat , Direct Sunlight , open flames or other ignition sources Strong oxidising agents Carbon monoxide , Carbon dioxide , fumes	
	Hazardous Reactions Hazardous Polymerization	May react with incompatible materials Will not occur	

11.0 Toxicological Information

11.1	Acute Toxicity	Oral: Moderately Toxic Dermal: Moderately Toxic Inhalation: Moderate Irritant
11.2	Health Effects Swallowed	Harmful. Ingestion of this material may irritate the gastric tract and cause nausea and vomiting.
	Eye Contact Skin Contact Chronic Effects	May cause eye irritation, stinging, redness and blurred vision. May cause itching, redness and irritation Causes central nervous system depression. Prolonged
		exposure may affect liver and kidneys.

12.0 Ecological Information

12.1	Ecotoxicity	Classed as aquatic ecotoxin with long lasting effects.
12.2	Persistence / Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
12.3	Mobility Air Water	Slow loss by evaporation Product will not mix with water.
12.4	Enviro Protection	Avoid contaminating waterways, soil, drains and sewers.

13.0	Disposal Considerations
13.1 Liquid	Dispose of waste through an approved facility.
13.2 Containers	Dispose of containers through metal recycler once empty containers have dried.

14.0 Transport Regulations		
Labelling Required	FLAMMABLE LIQUID Red Diamond 3	
UNDG		
U N Number	1263	
Proper Shipping Name	Paint	
D G Class	3	
Hazchem Code	3 Y	
Packing Group	III	
IMDG (Maritime)		
IMDG Class	3	
UN Number	1263	
EMS Number	F-E, S-E	
IMDG Subrisk	None	
Packing Group	III	
Special Provisions	163 223 944 955	
Marine Pollutant	Not Determined	
Christchurch	Auckland	Palmerston North

This material is classified as a class 3 – Flammable Liquid according to NZS 5433: 1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

This material must not be loaded in the same freight container or the same vehicle with:

Class 1ExplosivesClass 2.1Flammable GasesClass 2.3Toxic GasesClass 4.2Spontaneously Combustible SubstancesClass 5.1Oxidising substancesClass 5.2Organic PeroxidesClass 7Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted

Must not be loaded in the same freight container, but can be in the same vehicle if separated horizontally by a distance of 3 meters:

Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet substances.

Goods of packing group II or III may be loaded in the freight container or the same vehicle if transported in segregation devices with:

Class 4.2Spontaneously Combustible SubstancesClass 4.3Dangerous when wet substancesClass 5.1Oxidising substancesClass 5.2Organic Peroxides

15.0 Regulatory Information

Labelling	Class 3, Flammable Liquid
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Poisons Schedule S 4

Hazard Category Harmful

16.0 Other Information

Revision Date 17th May 2028

NZ Emergency Services Telephone 111

NZ Poison Information Telephone 0800 POISON (0800 764 766)

The above information concerns only the above mentioned product and is not valid with any other product(s). The information is provided to the best of our knowledge, correctly and completely, in good faith but without warranty. It remains the user's responsibility to ensure the information is appropriate for their application of the product.